



# **RENEWABLE METHANOL REPORT -WEBINAR**

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– Methanol Institute**

**5 March 2019**

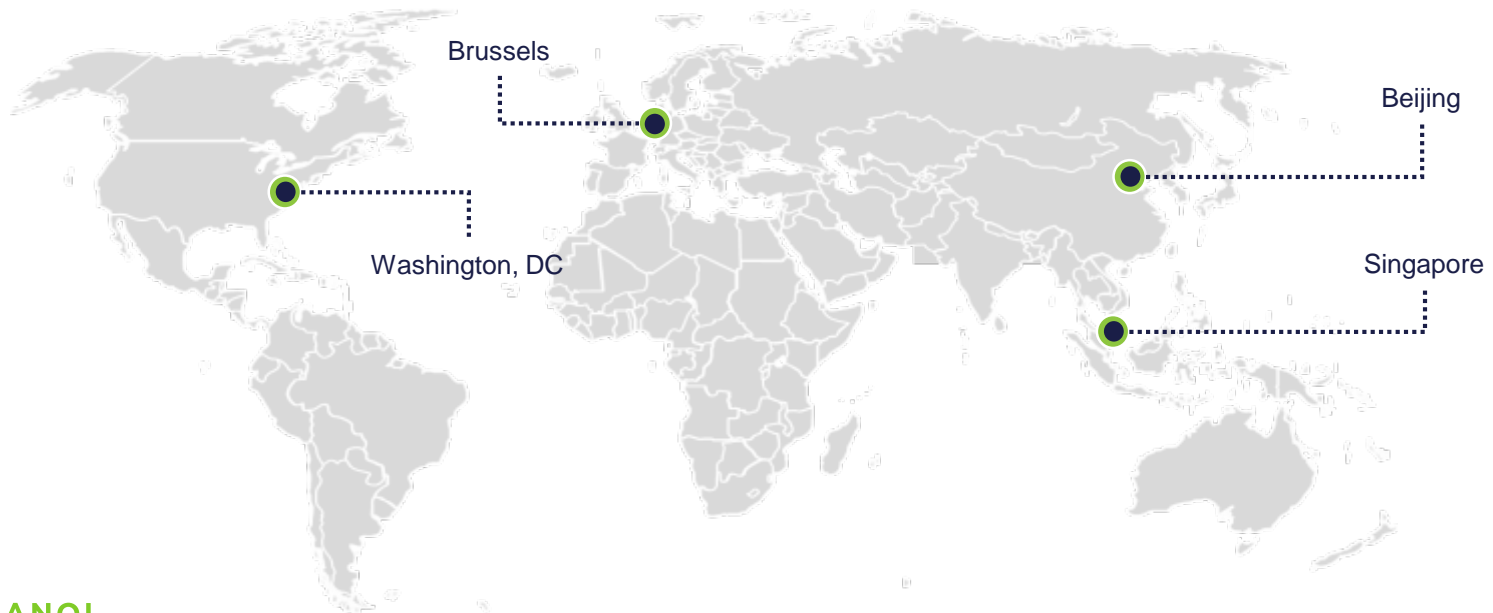
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**WHO WE ARE**

# MI History

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- The Methanol Institute (MI) was established in 1989
- 30 years later, MI recognized as the trade association for the global methanol industry
- Facilitating methanol's expansion from our Singapore headquarters and regional offices in Washington DC, Brussels, and Beijing



# 2019 Members



## Tier 1



## Tier 2



مركزة قطر للضافات البترولية المحدودة  
Qatar Fuel Additives Company Limited



## Tier 3



Ecofuel



## Tier 4



HALDOR TOPSØE



NAKHODKA  
FERTILIZER PLANT



CLARIANT



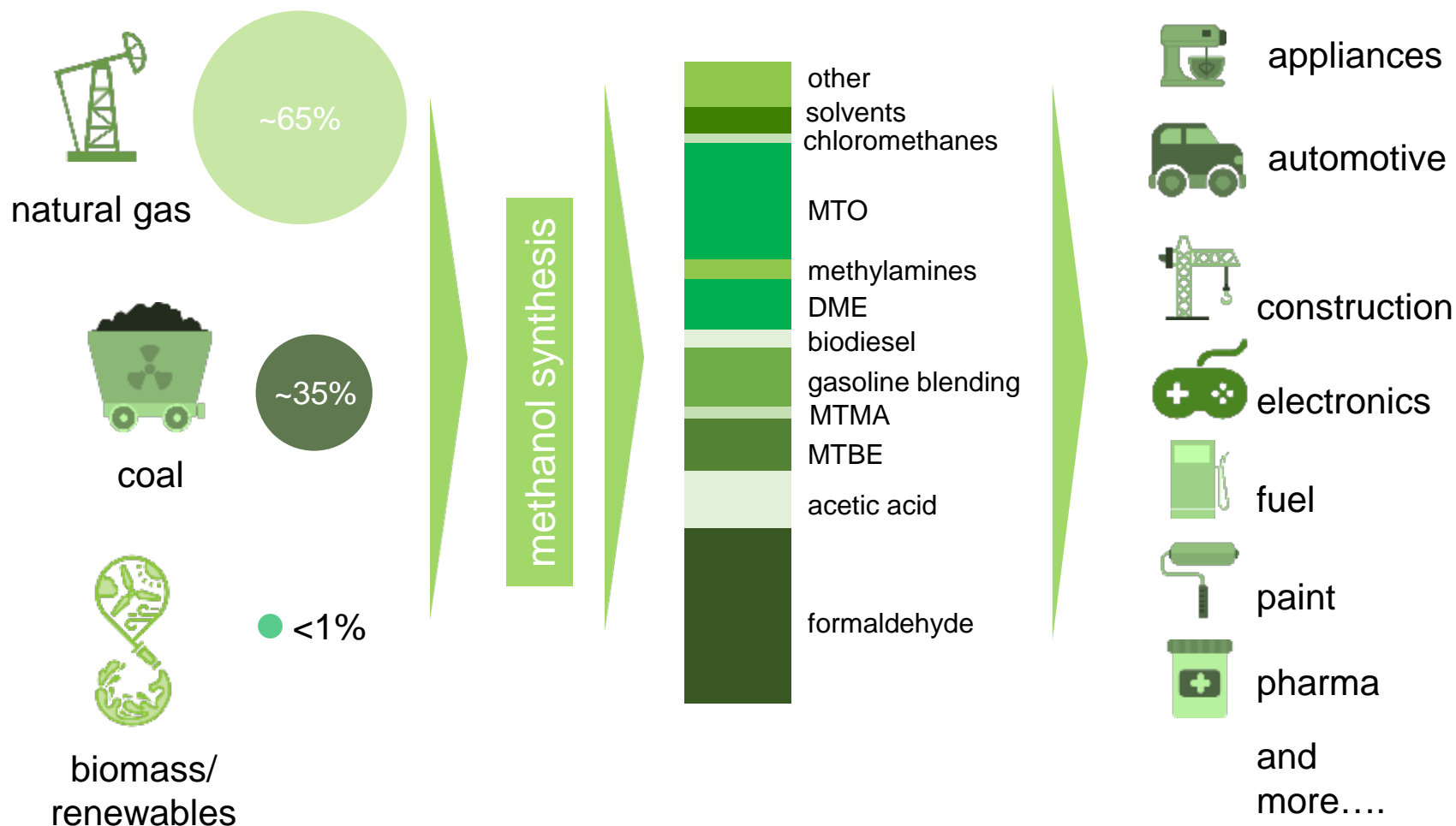
CoogeeChemicals

OLAHMOTORS

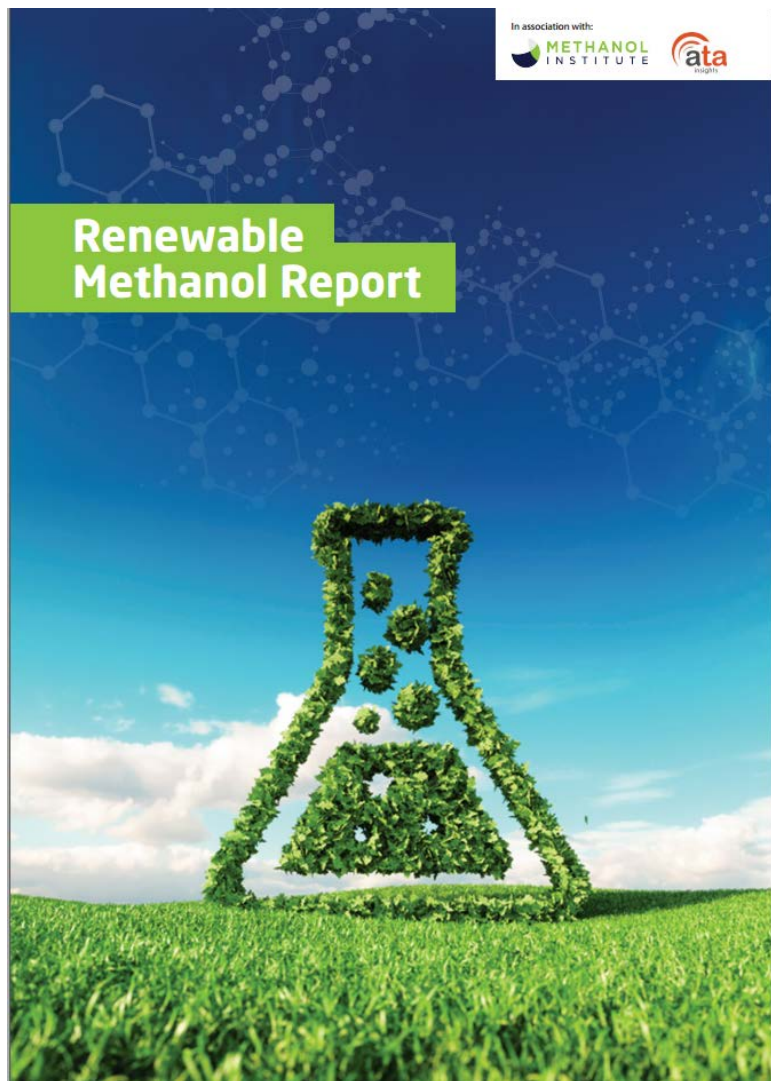


<https://www.methanol.org/join-us/>

# Methanol: Broad Feedstocks and Markets



# Renewable Methanol Report



- February 2019: MI releases ***Renewable Methanol Report*** prepared by ATA Insights
- Contents:
  - Executive summary
  - Why consider renewable methanol?
  - Renewable methanol production
  - Case Studies: CRI, Enerkem, BioMCN
  - Applications and uses of renewable methanol
  - Conclusions and how to find out more
- Free download here:  
<http://bit.ly/2UeJpJp>

# Pathways to Renewable Methanol

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## FEEDSTOCKS

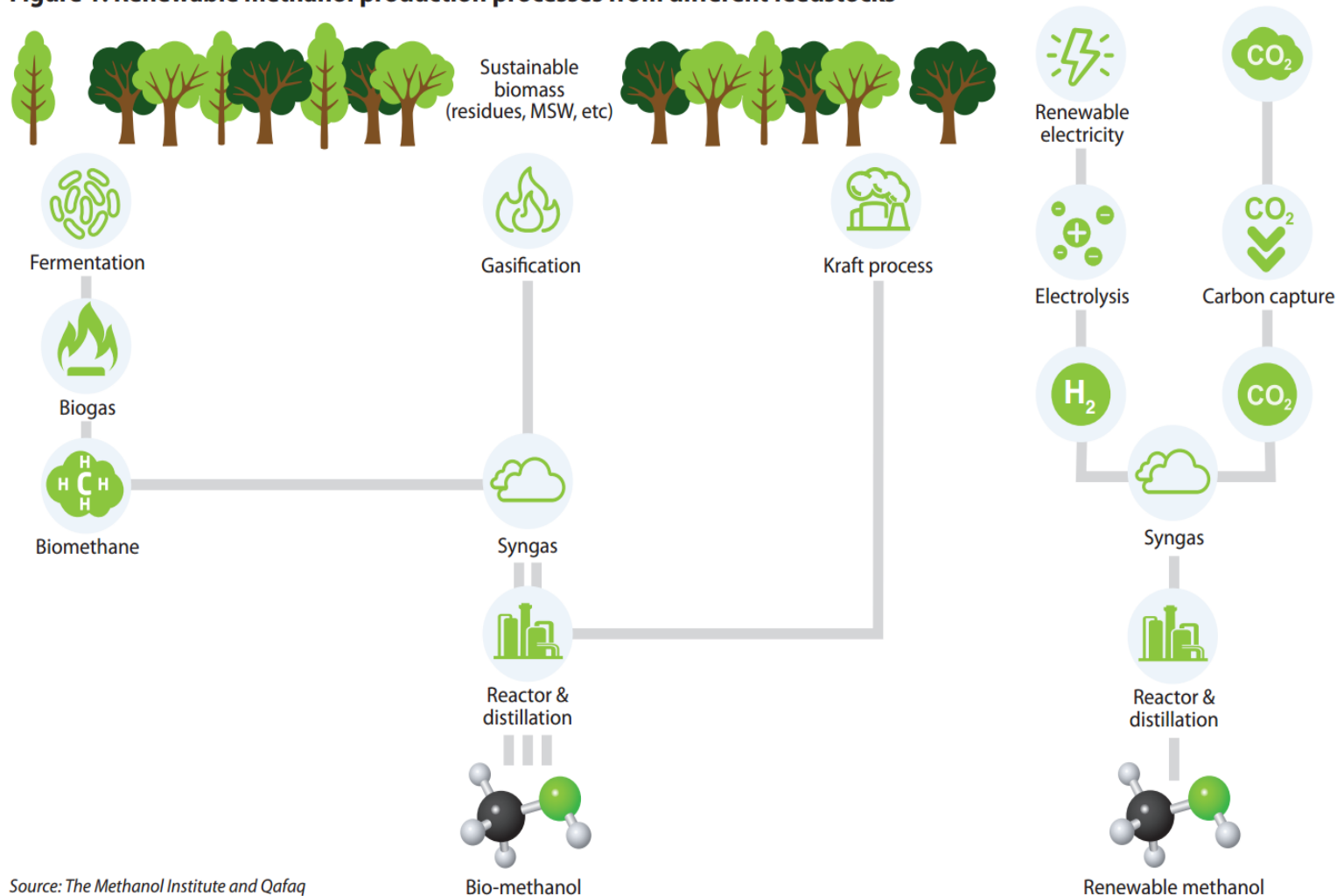
- Agricultural Waste
- Forestry Residues
- Municipal Solid Waste (MSW)
- Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)
- Renewable Hydrogen



# Renewable Methanol Report



Figure 1. Renewable methanol production processes from different feedstocks



Source: The Methanol Institute and Qafaq



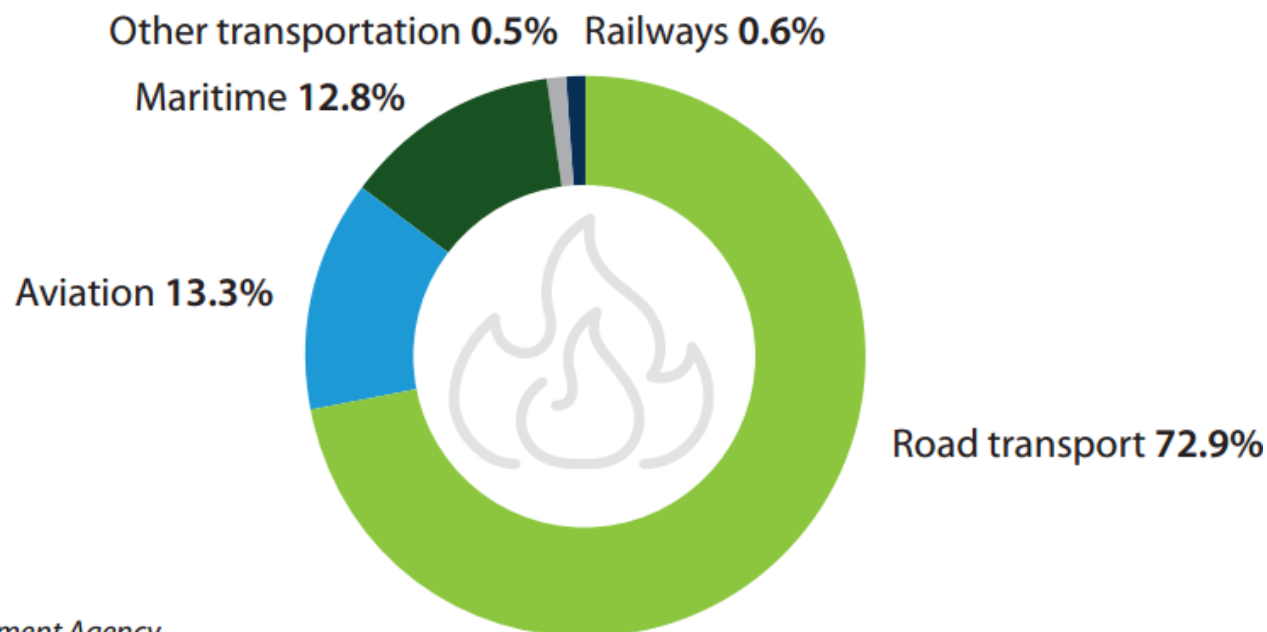
# Renewable Methanol Report



Methanol category	Commercial	Feasibility and R&D
Bio-methanol	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ BASF (GER)</li> <li>■ BioMCN (NL)</li> <li>■ Enerkem (CAN)</li> <li>■ New Fuel (DEN)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Biogo (GER)</li> <li>■ Enerkem (NL)</li> <li>■ LowLands Methanol</li> <li>■ Heveskes Energy (NL)</li> <li>■ NREL (USA)</li> <li>■ Origin Materials (USA)</li> <li>■ Södra (SE)</li> </ul>
Renewable methanol	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ CRI (IC)</li> <li>■ Innogy (GER)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Advanced Chemical Technologies (CAN)</li> <li>■ Asahi Kasei (JPN)</li> <li>■ Blue Fuel Energy (CAN)</li> <li>■ bse Engineering (GER)</li> <li>■ Catalytic Innovations (USA)</li> <li>■ CRI (CN/GER)</li> <li>■ Gensoric (GER)</li> <li>■ Infracore (GER)</li> <li>■ Liquid Wind (SE)</li> <li>■ MefCO2 (GER)</li> <li>■ Neo-H2 (USA)</li> <li>■ Port of Antwerp (BE)</li> <li>■ Quantiam Technologies (CAN)</li> <li>■ STEAG (GER)</li> <li>■ Swiss Liquid Future (CH)</li> <li>■ thyssenkrupp (GER)</li> <li>■ USC (USA)</li> <li>■ ZAST (GER)</li> </ul>
Low carbon methanol	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ GPIC (BAH)</li> <li>■ Methanex (CAN)</li> <li>■ QAFAC (QAT)</li> <li>■ SABIC (KSA)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Carbon2Chem (GER)</li> <li>■ FRESME (SE)</li> <li>■ GasTechno (USA)</li> <li>■ Haldor Topsoe (DEN)</li> <li>■ Maverick Synfuels (USA)</li> <li>■ NCF (CN)</li> <li>■ OPTIMEoH (GER)</li> </ul>



**Figure 6. Share of transport greenhouse gas emissions 2015\***



*\*European Environment Agency*

# Methanol is a versatile fuel source

Out of the ~80 million metric tons of methanol sold globally in 2018, energy and fuel uses represent 40% of total demand

## FUELS

- Neat fuel
- Low blends
- High blends
- GEM
- MTBE
- Biodiesel
- DME & OME
- MTG

## TECHNOLOGIES

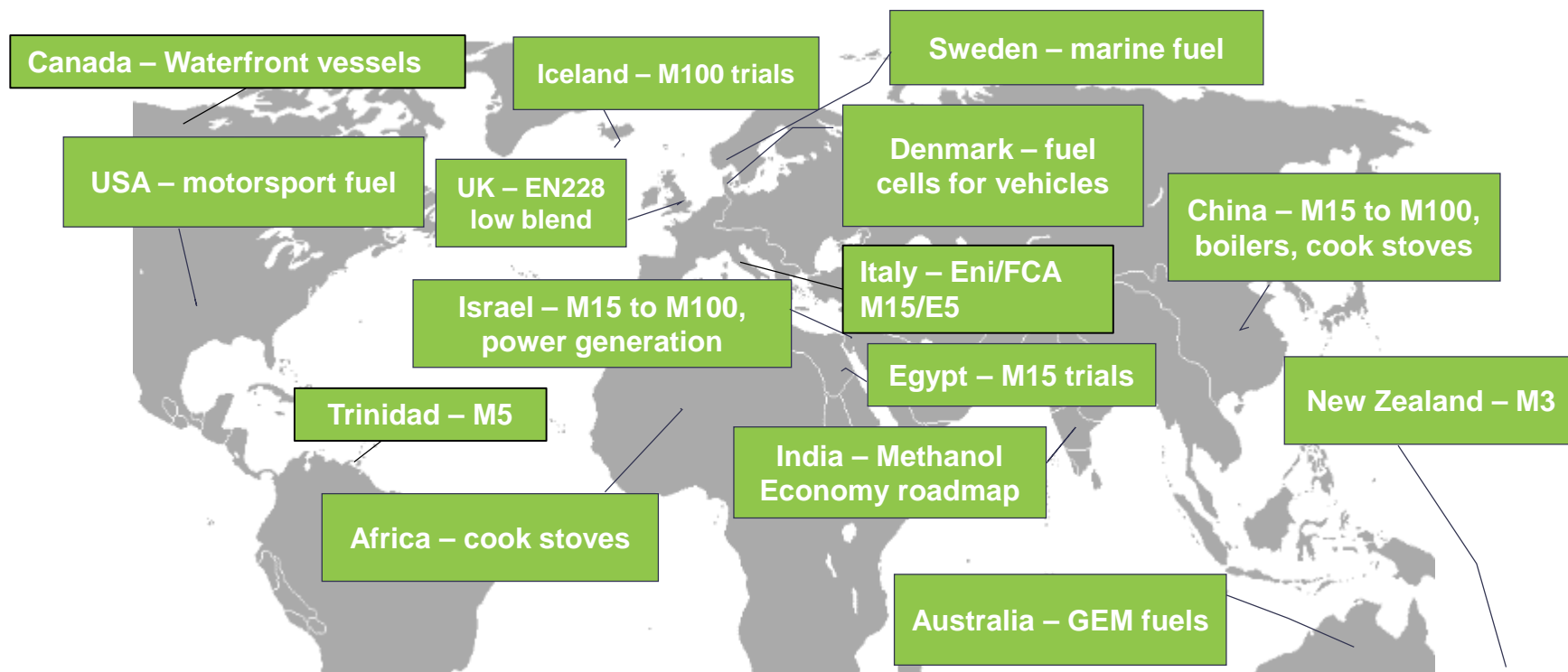
- SI & CI engines
- Turbines
- Fuel cells



## SEGMENTS

- Road & non-road transportation
- Power & heat generation
- Marine

# Global Methanol Fuel Examples



<https://www.methanol.org/energy/>

# Renewable Methanol Report



**Figure 7. Well-to-wheel CO<sub>2</sub> emission - from Danish Department of Energy, Alternative Drivetrains 2014\***

Type	Current status	Green scenario
Diesel	132g/km	100g/km
Gasoline	176g/km	123g/km
Hybrid	142g/km	80g/km
Battery electric	98g/km	2g/km
Hydrogen	178g/km	3g/km
<b>Methanol</b>	<b>83g/km</b>	<b>2g/km</b>

\*JENSEN, Mads Friis

# Variable Renewables and Renewable Methanol

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- Renewable Electricity Used to Obtain Hydrogen from Water by Electrolysis
- Solar PV, Hydro, Wind peak yield may not match peak demand leading to curtailments
- TSO's may have to disconnect from the grid
- Excess Variable Renewable yield can be used to generate Renewable Methanol
- That Renewable Methanol can be used to generate clean power, or as a renewable fuel for cars and ships



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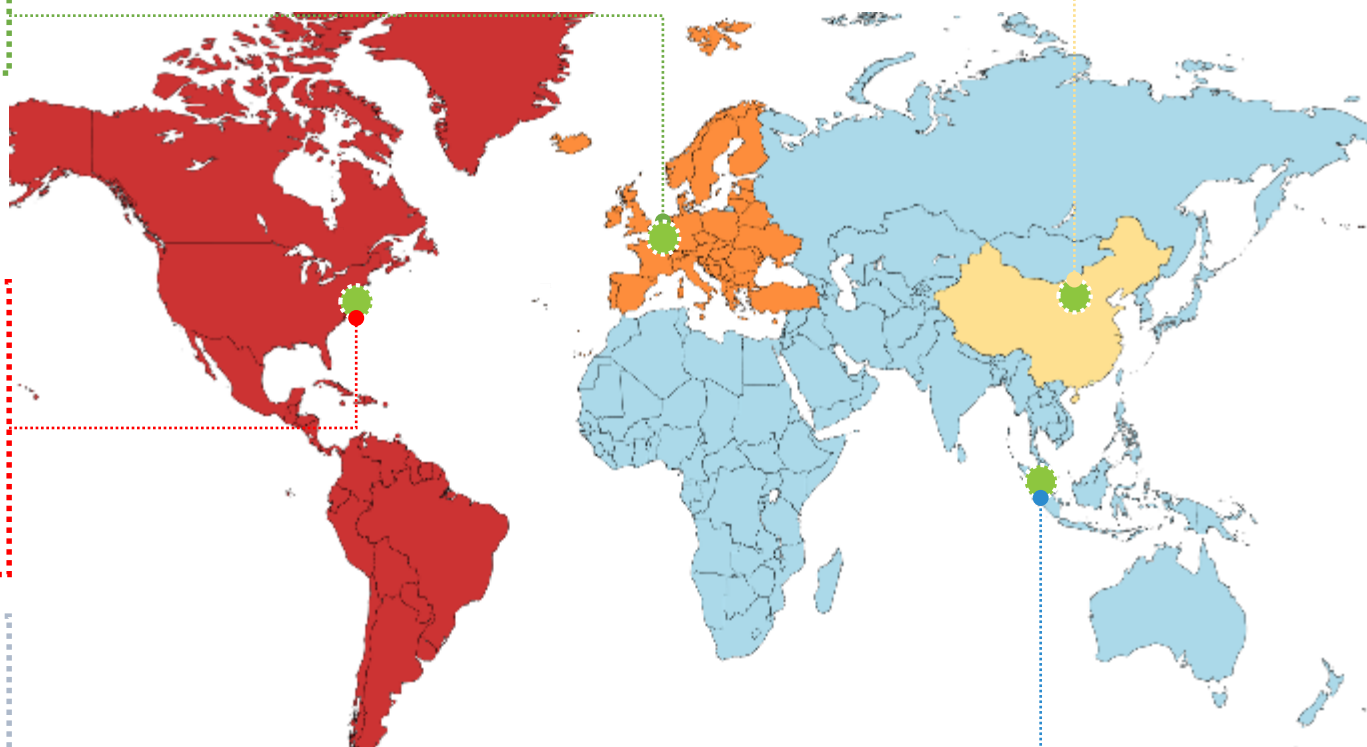
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