Contribution of Energy Efficiency to Universal Access

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Energy & Development Nexus

- Energy is a requirement for Economic Development
- Energy must be supplied in the right quantities, at the right time and at the right prices to spur true economic development
- Energy Consumption must not lead to environmental degradation or increase poverty
- It is possible to grow the economy without necessarily increasing energy consumption

Increasing Access

- Increasing Access requires increased energy supply and consequent increased generation, transmission and distribution
- Generation increase can be achieved by adding more capacity or improving efficiency/reducing waste in existing system, reducing transmission and distribution system and improving end use efficiency
- Increasing Access without efficient and productive end-use especially in rural communities result in debt overhang, avoidance of payment or inability to pay for electricity service

Benefits of Energy Efficiency -1

Energy efficiency reduces the amount of energy needed to provide the same or improved level of service to the consumer in an economically efficient way.

- Reduces total electricity demand
 - access can be increased without increasing generation capacity,
 - deferred investment in generation
- Enhances the Electricity System
 - Reduces cost of electricity service, ancillary services, maintenance costs etc
 - Demand response measures aim to reduce customer energy demand at times of peak electricity demand to help address system reliability issues; reduce the need to dispatch higher-cost, less-efficient generating units to meet electricity demand; and delay the need to construct costly new generating or transmission and distribution capacity.
 - Demand response programs can include dynamic pricing/tariffs, price responsive demand bidding, contractually obligated and voluntary curtailment, and direct load control/cycling
 - Reduces risks

Benefits of Energy Efficiency -2

- Boosts the economy
 - Lowers Energy Cost
 - Increases disposable income
 - Increases jobs and investments in energy efficiency industries
- Reduces Emissions and Improves Health
 - Improves Air Quality, human health, and reduces premature deaths
- Benefits to Society
 - People avoid costly illnesses, businesses benefits from fewer worker absences, Children miss fewer school days, electricity system is more efficient, reliable and resilient, consumers and businesses have more money to spend, new businesses and jobs created.

Energy Efficiency as a measure to increases Access and Reduce Cost – 2 Case Studies from Ghana

The Efficient Lighting Project 2007

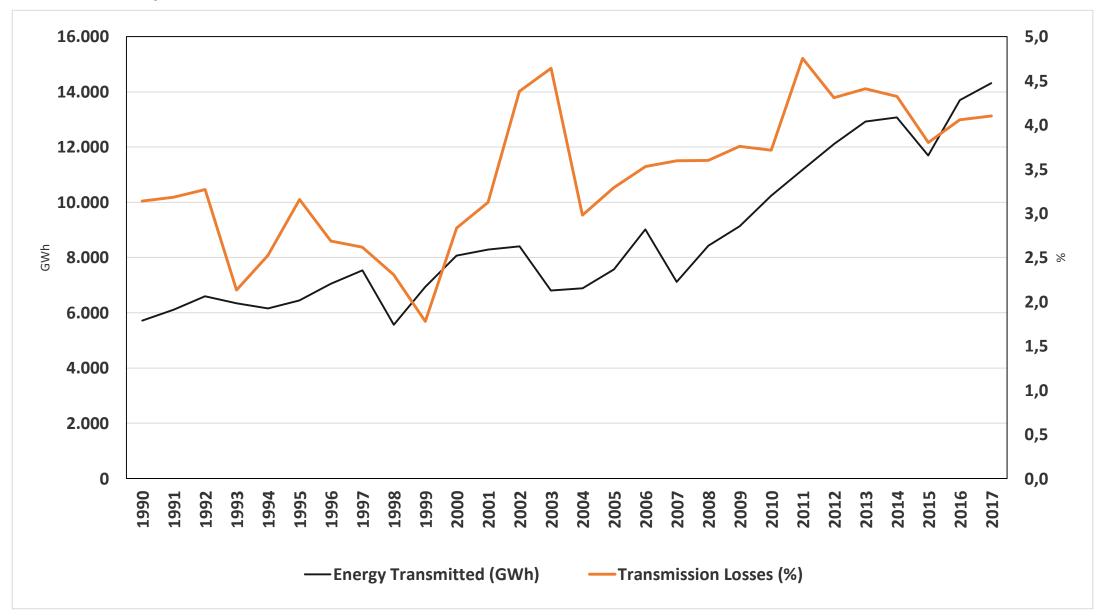
 The Government of Ghana, on the advice of the Energy Commission procured and distributed for FREE 6million CFLs as direct replacement of 6 million Incandescent Lamps as Load Reduction measure to reduce impact of Power Shortages in Ghana in 2007

All 6 million lamps were distributed and installed in 3 months

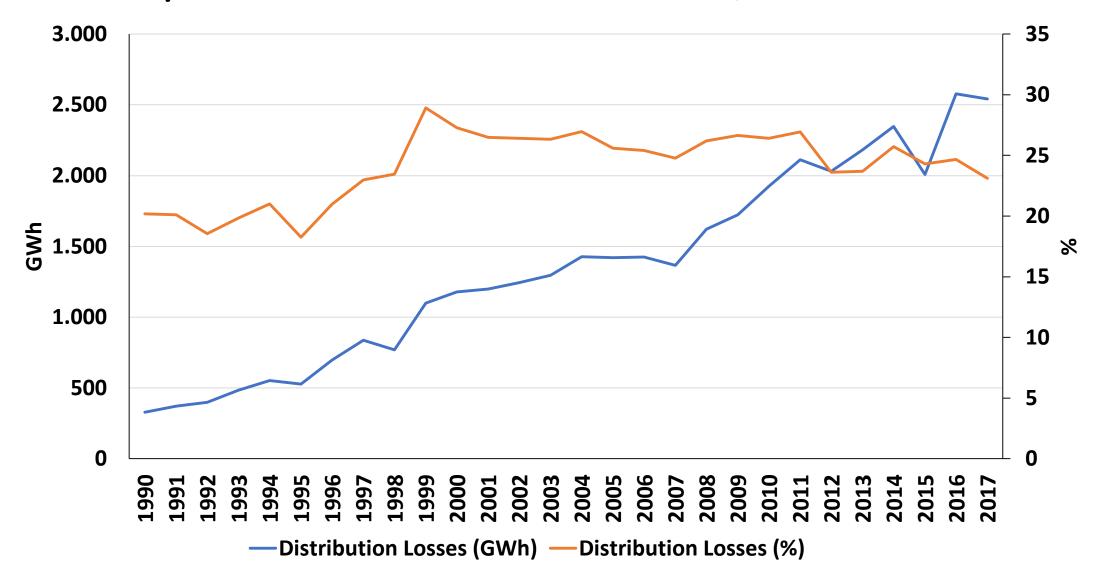
Characteristics of Ghana Energy Economy - 2007

- Annual growth in demand for fuelwood and charcoal estimated at 3%.
- Electricity demand growing between 6%-7%
- Petroleum product demand increase at about 5% per annum.
- Losses in the production, transportation and use of energy are high.
- System losses in electricity distribution about 25%, with wastage in the end-use of electricity also estimated at about 30%.

Electricity Transmitted and Transmission losses, 1990-2017, GWh



Electricity Distribution and Losses GWh, 1990-2017



Objectives of Efficient Lighting Project

- Peak electricity demand reduction 200-220MW and end load shedding
- Stabilisation of Electricity Grid System
- Reduction of Brownout and transformer overloads
- Reduction of Diesel and other Thermal generators to supplement the existing power generation mix

How it was done

- National Project Implementation Committee, chaired by the Minister for Energy
- Members:
 - Executive Secretary Energy Commission
 - Chief Executive Energy Foundation
- Procurement Ministry of Energy
- Warehousing, Bulk Transportation Energy Commission
- Distribution –District Assemblies, using Local Youth, Military, Police, Prisons
- Massive Public Education Campaign

Transportation



Lamp Transportation



Training Replacement Gangs



Public Education Bill Boards



Retrieved Incandescent Lamps



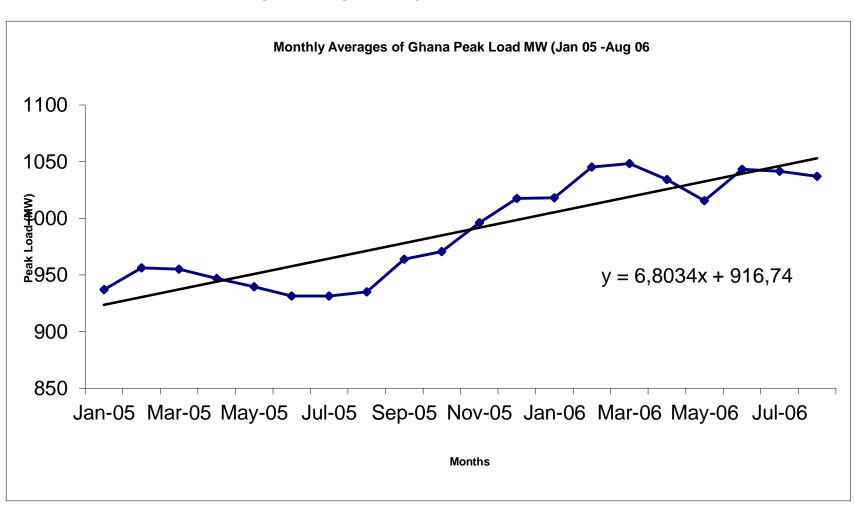
Retrieved Incandescent Lamps



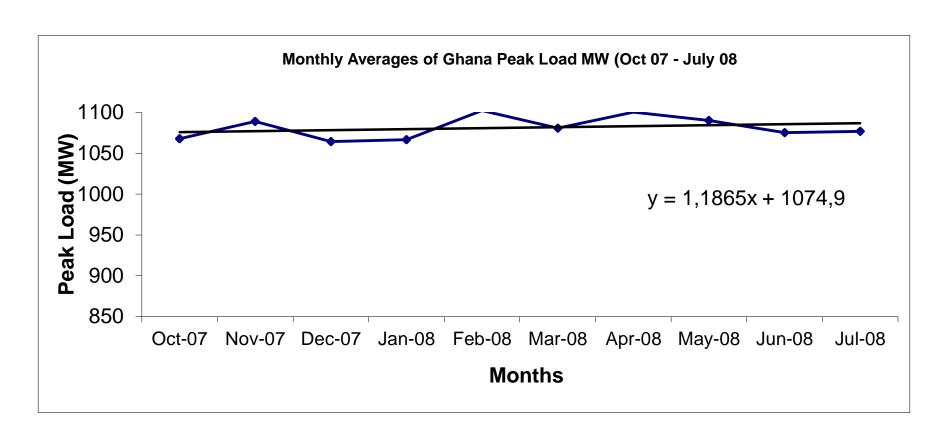
Results

- Peak Saving of 124 MW
- Energy Savings of 452MWh per day or 162.7GWh per annum
- Energy cost saving is US\$3.3million per month or US\$39.5million per annum.
- Between October 2007 and June 2008 Savings of US\$29.6million.
- CO2 savings of 105,000tons per annum.
- Access grew by 2.44% and 2.10% in 2009 and 2010 respectively, mostly attributed to the savings made.
- Investment of US\$105m in generation capacity expansion was deferred to 2011
- Factory established to produce CFLs in Ghana

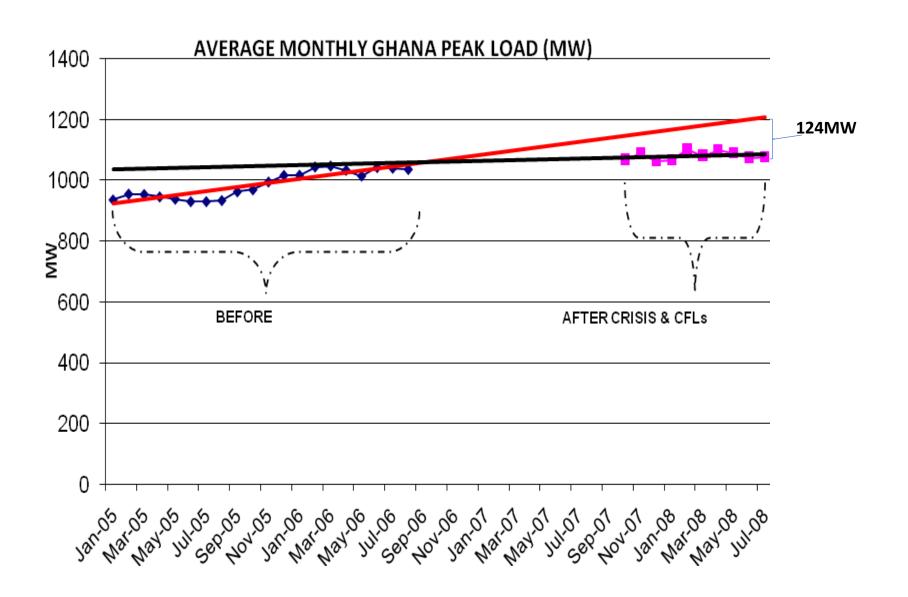
Demand Growth before Efficient Lighting Project



Demand Growth after Efficient Lighting Project



Effect of CFL on National Electricity Demand



2010 EE Global Award

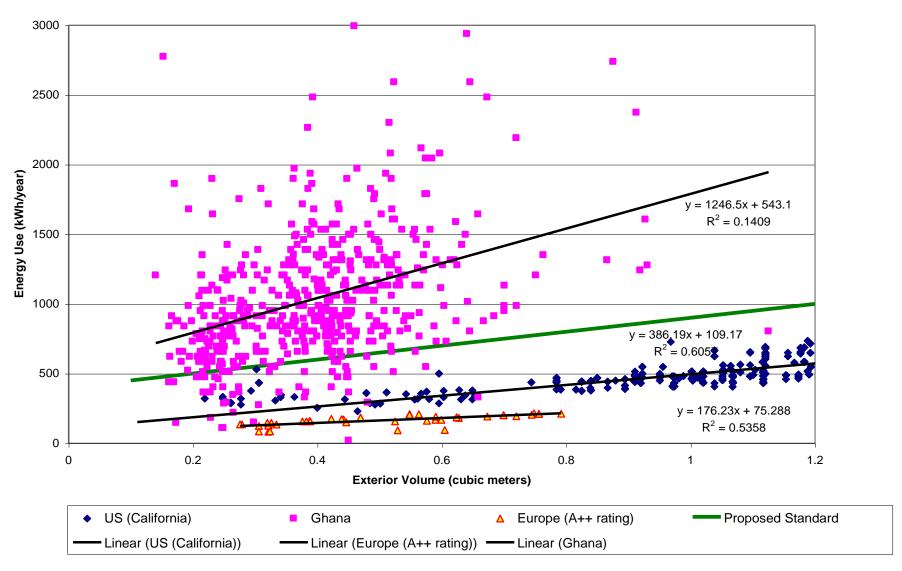


2012-2014 Refrigerator Efficiency Programme

Characteristics of Cooling Appliance Market 2006

- Average refrigerating appliance consumed 1,200kWh per year
- The used appliance market share was 80%, mostly imported from Europe.
- Employed over 80% of the people in the sector
- The most popular and regularly sought for AC was the most inefficient on the market but most expensive
- In 2006, 40% of the 12,000GWh generated went into domestic use (used & inefficient appliances)
- Almost all the used cooling appliances contained Ozone Depleting Substances

Energy Consumption in Refrigeration in Ghana, 2007 Comparative Energy Use



Used Appliance Dumping Menace & the Environment











The Dumping Process & Effect

E-waste adds to filth in Odaw drain

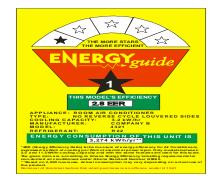
W months ago, ion Ghana ed, together with MA, embarked on ercise to clear huge of solid waste from Odawna drain, ving a Daily Graphic cation on the filthy of the drain caused the dumping of solid

e into it.
hile the clearing rise has not been fully bleted, scrap dealers operate close to the have started dumping ste and refrigerator into the river, adding the huge volume of the waste already in the

he area has also been ed into a site where the ple who live and rate there respond to call of nature.

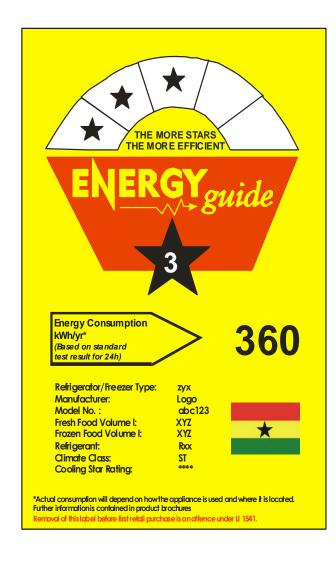
The pungent stench in the drain has apelled companies and viduals engaged in





Proposed Standards for Refrigerators in Ghana, 2007

Appliance	Annual Energy Consumption, kWh/year				
	**** 5-	**** 4-Star	*** 3-Star	** 2-Star	* 1-Star
	Star				
Refrigerators and Refrigerator/Freezers	<250	250 – 300	300 – 350	350-400	400 – 500
Freezers	<300	300-350	350-400	400 – 500	500 – 650



The Ghana Refrigerator Energy Efficiency Label

The Energy Efficiency Regulations on Cooling Appliances

 Energy Efficiency Standards and Labelling (Non-Ducted Airconditioners and Self-Ballasted Fluorescent Lamps) Regulations, 2005 (LI 1815)

 Energy efficiency Standards & Labelling (Household Refrigerating Appliances) Regulations, 2009 (LI1958)

 Energy Efficiency (Prohibition of Manufacture, Sale or Importation of Incandescent Filament Lamp, Used Air-Conditioner) Regulations, 2008 (LI1932)

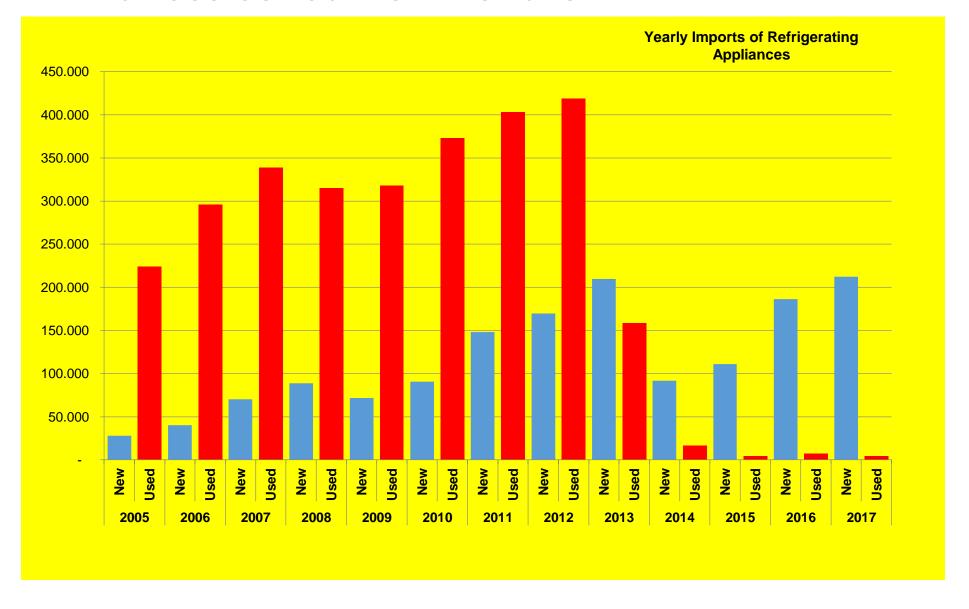
Rebate Scheme to Promote New Appliance Purchase, Opportunity for Energy Efficiency

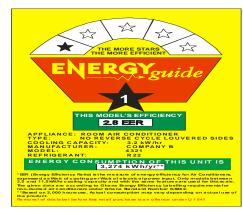


Results of MEPS & Labeling Implementation

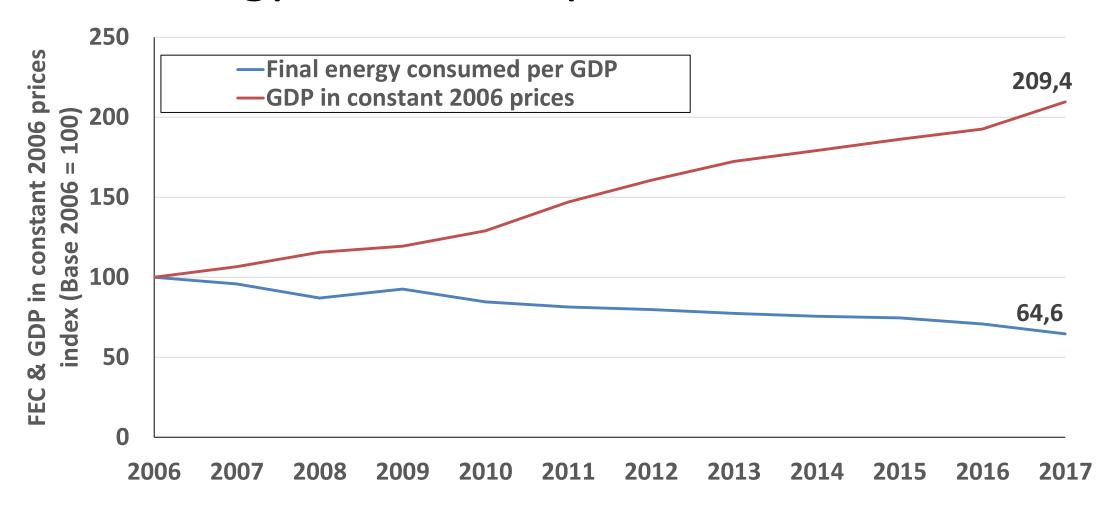
- Over 10,000 used and inefficient refrigerating appliances replaced with same number of new and efficient ones through rebate scheme
- Over 34,000 illegally imported refrigerating appliances confiscated and dismantled
- 400GWh of electricity per annum has been saved, 40% of 400MW
 Bui Hydro Power Plant's annual output
- 1,500kg of CFC recovered.
- 1.1 million tons of CO2 saved

Energy Efficiency Transforms Market & Enhances consumer Welfare



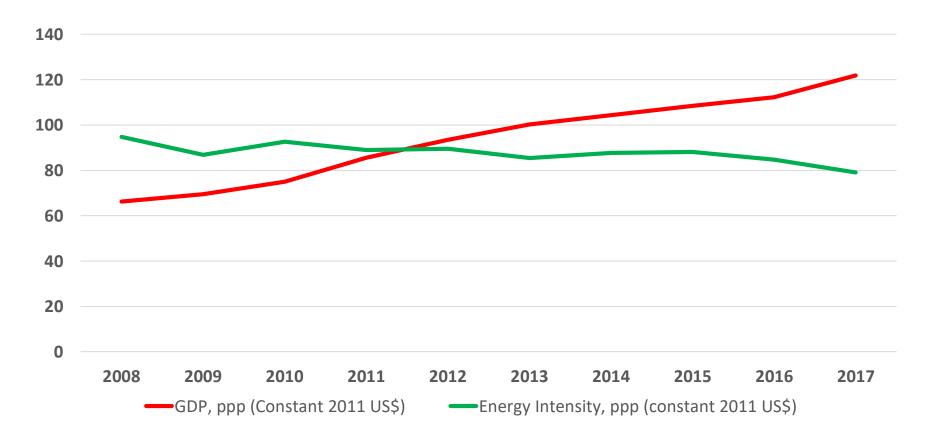


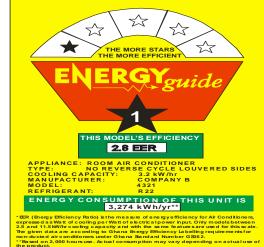
Final Energy Consumed per GDP, 2006-2017



Energy Efficiency reduces Energy Intensity

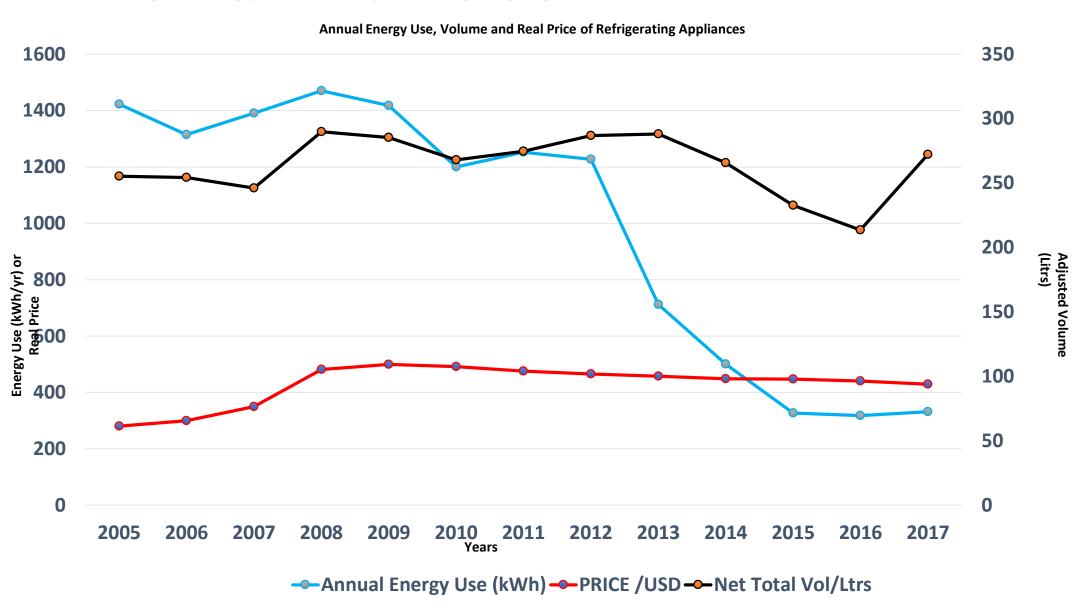
GDP, ppp (\$ billions) against Energy Intensity (toe/\$mil)





Potential to enhance consumer welfare:

Declining energy consumption of refrigerators



Refrigerator Efficiency Intervention and Access

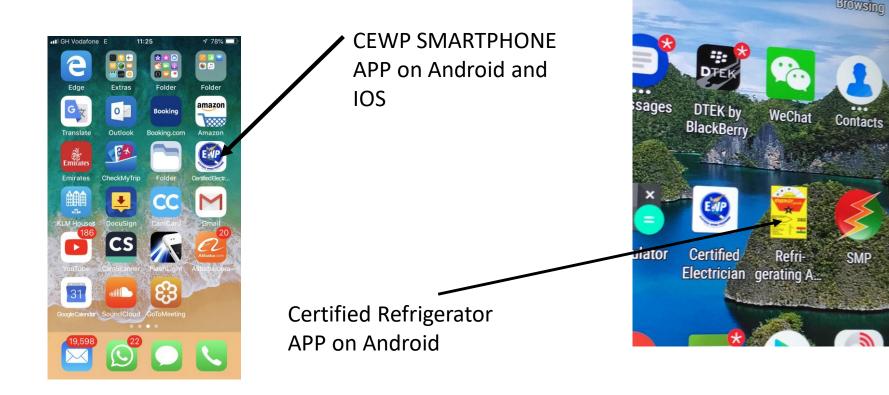
 A record access of 7.6% was recorded in 2014 mostly attributed to the savings of 400GWh/yr. from the energy efficient refrigerating appliances project.

Ghana was going through a power crisis in 2014.

Refrigerator with Label on Ghana Market



SmartPhone APPs



The LED initiative

- Government on the advice of the Energy Commission in January 2011 removed import duty and VAT on all Lighting made of LED.
- LED is used in Renewable Energy and Grid Electricity applications
- Standards and Labels developed for LED to protect consumers from inferior products
- Legislative Instrument L.I. 2353, 2017 passed by Parliament to enforce MEPS for all lighting devices

Coming next?

• Drive Electric Initiative – for efficient and productive use of electricity



We have the Power to Transform!

Thank You