GEOSPATIAL PORTFOLIO PLANNING MINI GRIDS FOR HALF A BILLION PEOPLE



10 building blocks to deploy mini grids at scale

Where We Are Today

47 million people connected to 19,000 mini grids, mostly hydro and diesel-powered, at an investment cost of \$28 billion. Plus: 7,500 mini grids planned, mostly in Africa, mostly solar-hybrid, connecting more than 27 million people at an investment cost of \$12 billion.

Where We Want to Be to Reach Universal Access by 2030

490 million people served at least cost by 210,000 mini grids, mostly solar-hybrids, requiring an investment of \$220 billion.

10 Building Blocks need to be addressed in countries to deploy mini grids at scale: (i) solar-hybrid technology and costing, (ii) geospatial portfolio planning. (iii) income-generating uses of electricity, (iv) community engagement, (v) local and international industry, (vi) access to finance, (vii) training and skills-building, (viii) institutional framework, (ix) workable regulations, and (x) enabling business environments.



Why geospatial planning, why now?

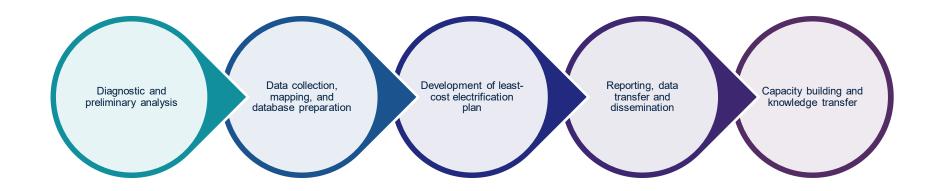
- Technological advances and cost reductions in satellite imaging and machine learning
- Increased sophistication of algorithms and analytical software
- Proliferation of global positioning system (GPS) devices and Web-based and mobile technologies
- Availability of high-quality open-source software
- · Accessibility of big data and cloud-based computing



National Least-Cost Electrification Planning



Typical Least-Cost Electrification Planning Sequence

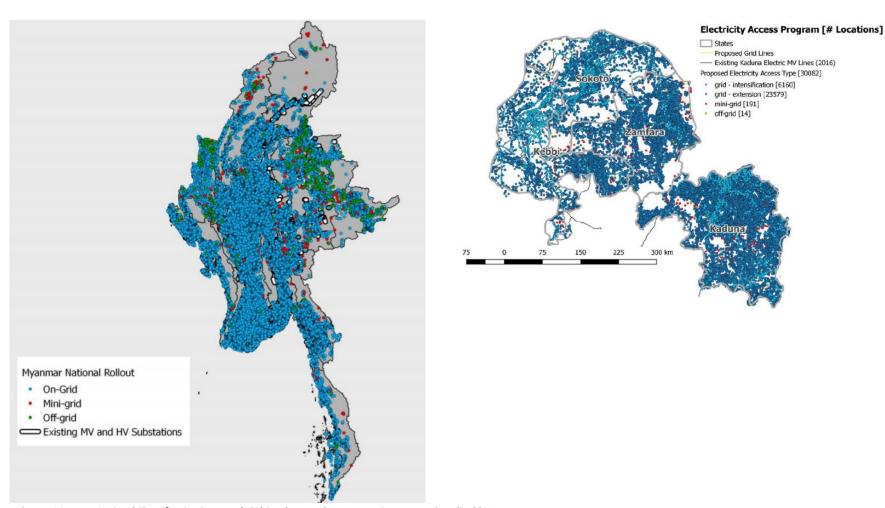




National Least-Cost Electrification Planning Outputs

Myanmar

Nigeria (4 states)



Source: Myanmar National Electrification Program (NEP) Roadmap and Investment Prospectus, Castalia, 2014; Achieving Universal Access in the Kaduna Electric service area, World Bank, 2015



National Least-Cost Electrification Planning in Africa





Mini Grid Portfolio Planning



Mini Grid Portfolio Planning





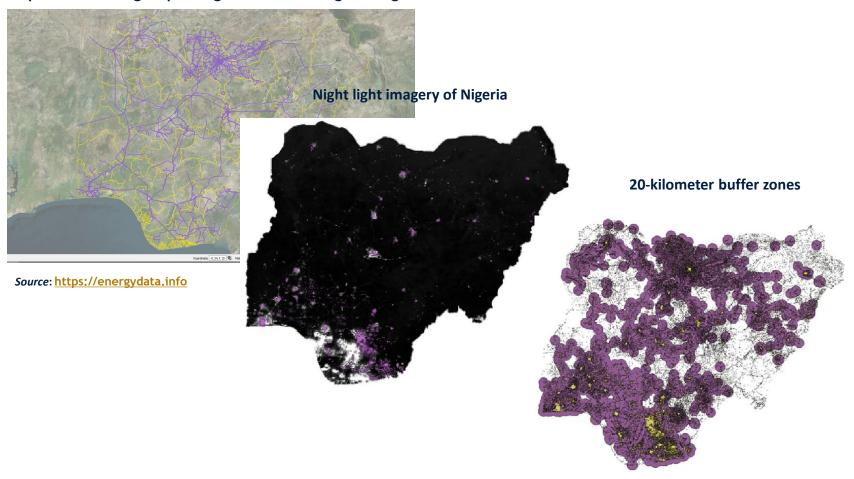


Source: RLI and Integration





Map of available geospatial grid data coverage in Nigeria





Additional socio-economic data available for entire Nigeria are number of schools, health facilities and telecom towers currently relying on diesel generators.

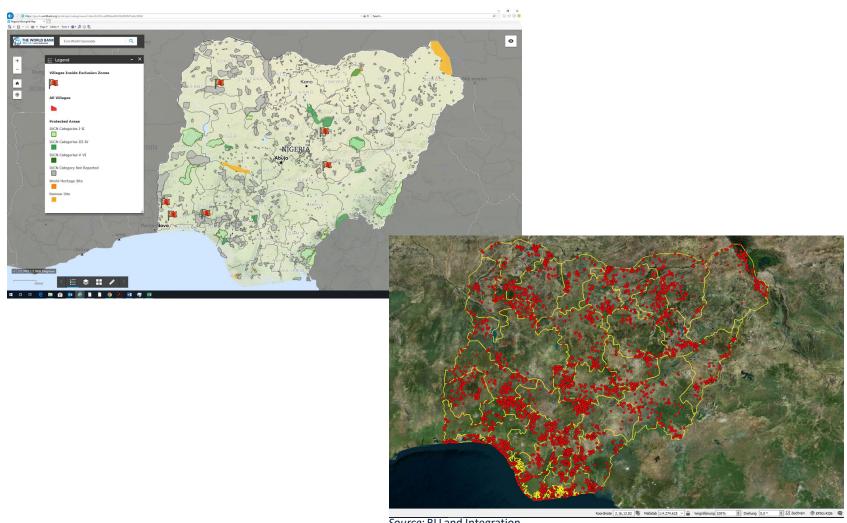
Exclusion Criteria:

- Exclusion of sites with distance to grid <5km
- Exclusion of sites with population < 1,000
- Exclusion of sites that fall within protected areas, national parks and other ecologically sensitive zones

Prioritization Criteria:

 Ranking of sites based on population, density, schools, health facilities, distance to grid, anchor customers.

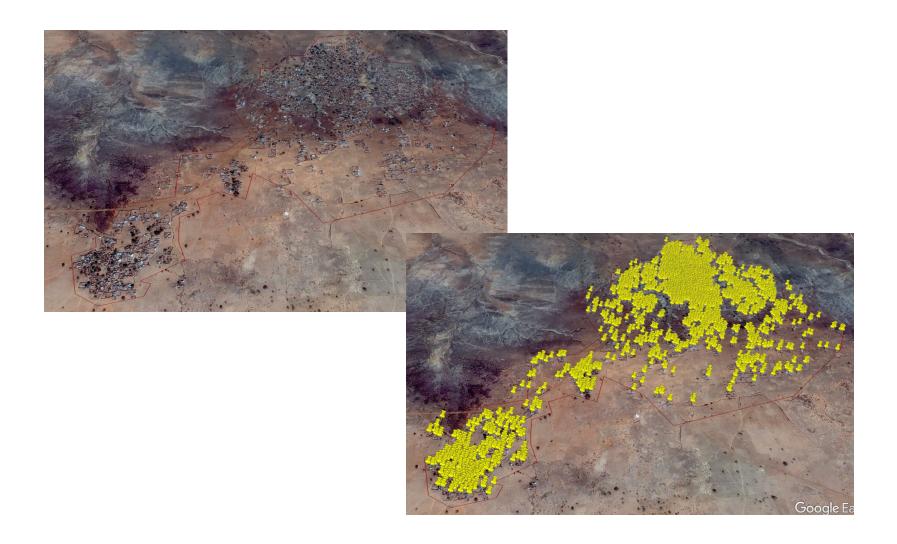




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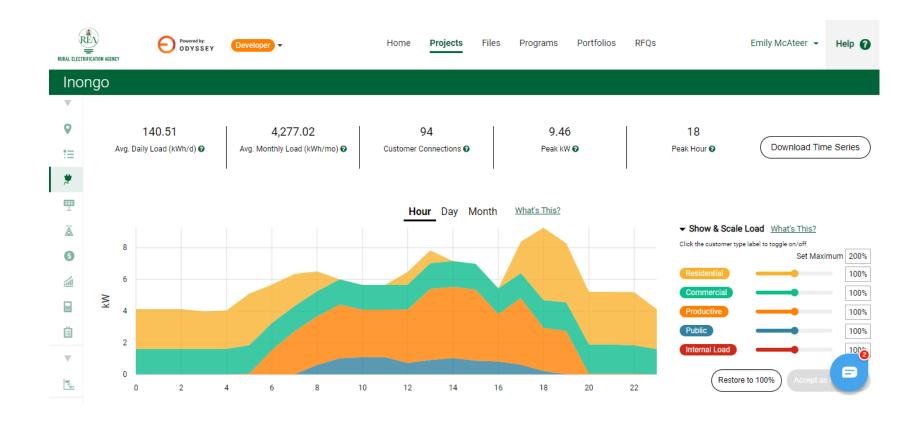


Customer Mapping



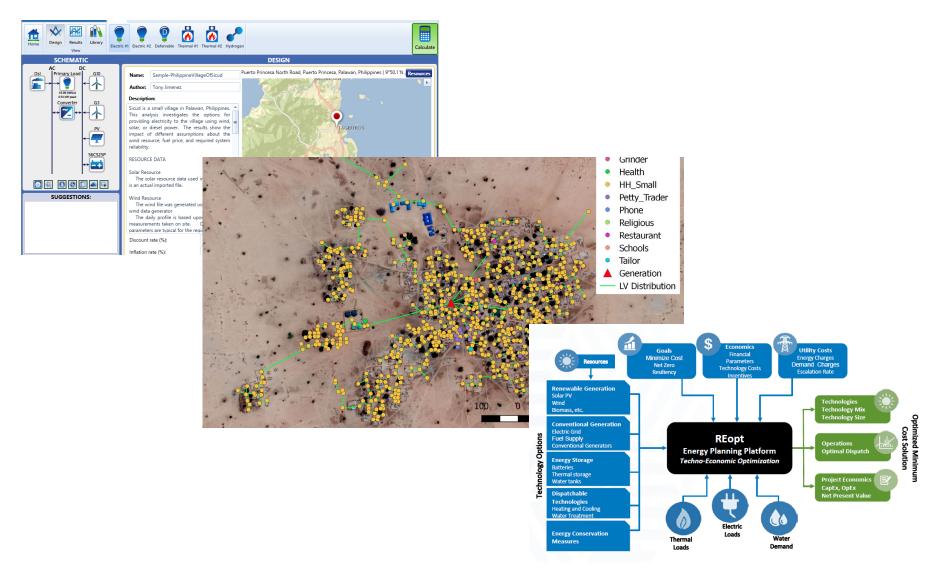


Survey Data Collection and Load Modeling



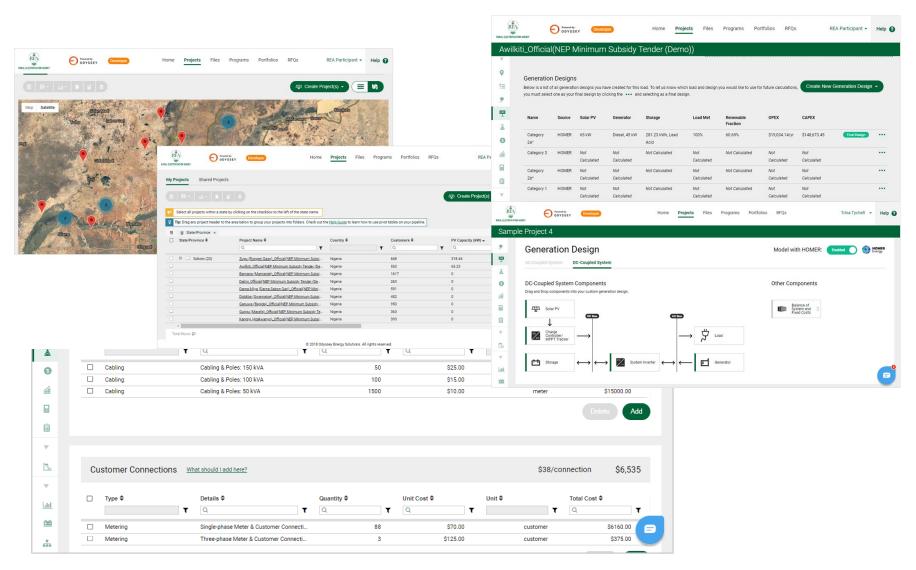


System Optimization



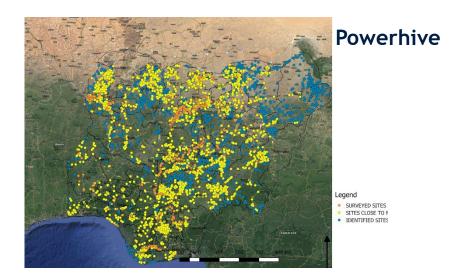


Online Platform

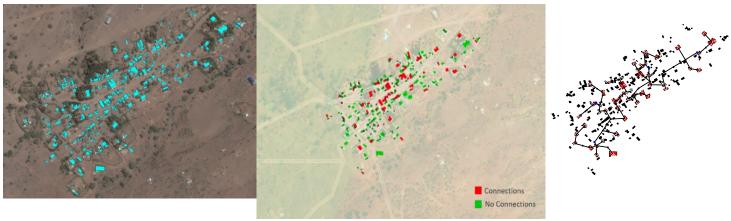




Private Developer Initiatives



Engie





Conclusions



Impact of Geospatial and Digital Tools

- Significant reduction in pre-investment costs associated with mini grid development
- Unprecedented scale possible because of the low costs involved
- Swifter speed compared to traditional approaches that require the deployment of multi-disciplinary teams at considerable expense
- Experience from Nigeria suggests mini grid portfolio planning already feasible at a cost of approximately \$2300 per site, with scope for further cost reduction



Thank You

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